Heads or tails logic
This brainteaser will encourage your youngster to think logically. Have each family member line up four pennies with heads facing up. The challenge is to turn them all to tails. The catch? Flip over exactly three pennies each time. Who can do it in the fewest number of tries?

A day in the life
What would life be like if your child were a shoe? How about a bicycle? Suggest that he write a diary entry from an object's point of view. Prompt him to imagine and write details about what the shoe or bike would see, hear, feel, and think.

Summer plans
Day camps and other summer programs often fill up fast. If you're looking for one for your child, consider signing up soon. Ask her school about programs—some may be free depending on your income. Also, browse the parks and recreation catalog or website for summer programs that match your youngster's interests.

Worth quoting
"The beautiful thing about learning is nobody can take it away from you."--B. B. King

Standardized test success
Doing well on a standardized test starts way before your child's teacher says, "You may begin." Boost your youngster's confidence and help her do her best with these tips.

Focus on schoolwork
The work habits your child uses all year long are the same ones she'll need on test day. Have her keep a list of what she does well when she does schoolwork, such as double-checking math answers or proofreading her essay. The night before the test, she can give herself a "pep talk" by reviewing her list.

Try a strategy
Let your youngster practice a key test-taking strategy in a stress-free way. Make up imaginary questions like "What is a unicorn's favorite food?" List answer choices, including one that's "right" (A: rainbow sprinkles), one that seems wrong (B: coal), and two that sound possible (C: pasta, D: pizza). While the question isn't real, the strategy is—discard any obviously wrong answers, then weigh your first instinct against the remaining choices.

Practice keyboarding
If your child will take tests on a computer, help her work on keyboarding. She might type a story she wrote or email a relative, for instance. She'll practice typing, using special keys (shift, enter), and pointing and clicking the mouse on commands (save, send). Tip: No computer at home? Head to the library where she can use one for free.

Sports: A winning attitude
Everyone likes winning. Losing? Not so much. Regardless, here are ways your youngster can be a good sport no matter the outcome:

- Cheer each other on when good things happen ("Nice catch!"), and sympathize when they don't ("You'll get the next one!").

- Shift your child's thinking. Instead of focusing on coming in first or scoring the most goals, suggest that he work on beating his personal best.

- When you watch sports together, point out examples of good sportsmanship. Perhaps his favorite basketball player helps an opponent up after a fall.

Q: What do you get if you cross a porcupine with an alligator?
A: I don't know, but you probably shouldn't hug it.

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Learning as a family

Keep your youngster excited about learning by making it a family affair. With these ideas, he'll see that learning is a lifelong journey.

Interview relatives. Your child can learn from relatives who remember living through an event or a time period he's studying in history. The whole family could gather around to hear about a grandparent's experience watching the first moon landing on television.

Money smarts

The first time a relative sent my daughter Lauren a gift card, she spent it right away. It occurred to me that she might find it harder to part with cash than a piece of plastic. So the next time she got a gift card, I traded her bills and coins for it.

Lauren put the money in a jar to keep on her dresser and labeled it with the total. Now when we go to the store, she thinks carefully about whether she wants to dip into her jar for a pack of trading cards or a stuffed emoji. If she does, she can take out the money before our next shopping trip and write the new total on her jar.

So far this strategy is working. Lauren immediately "sees" how much she's spending—and she doesn't want her jar to be empty.

Make an engineering lab

Let your child loose in her own engineering "lab" where she can design objects and solve problems as she builds them. Follow these steps.

1. Gather supplies. Help your youngster collect household objects, craft supplies, and recycling bin items to use for engineering projects. Examples: rubber bands, balloons, index cards, craft sticks, tape, glue, string, bottles, boxes.

2. Brainstorm projects. Together, list contraptions she might design in her lab. Can she dream up a way to create a balloon-powered boat? Or maybe she has an idea for building a marble maze.

3. Get to work. Encourage your youngster to set up her lab in a corner of the family room, pick a project from her list, and get started.

Idea: Spark new projects and solutions by having her add supplies from time to time, such as bubble wrap or a cut-up pool noodle.

Anxiety in children

Q: I've been hearing about kids being diagnosed with anxiety disorders. My son tends to worry a lot. How can I tell the difference between normal worrying and a serious problem?

A: Some anxiety is just part of everyday life. For example, it's perfectly natural if your child is nervous about giving a speech in class or worries that a friend is angry with him over a disagreement.

With an anxiety disorder, those feelings interfere with daily life. Talk to your son's doctor if you notice any symptoms, which include difficulty sleeping, loss of appetite, unexplained stomachaches or headaches, irritability, trouble concentrating, and avoiding regular activities.

If the doctor suspects an anxiety disorder, your child may be referred to a therapist who will work with him on new ways to react to things that worry him.
Respect: The 4th R

Treating people with respect can help your tween form strong relationships with classmates, teachers, and family members. Consider these ideas to help your middle grader show consideration for others.

Look for examples
Point out respectful behavior to your child, such as knocking on a closed door or being quiet while others are speaking or performing. Likewise, let her know what disrespectful behavior looks like. After a concert, you might say, “It was not nice when the people behind us were whispering. That was disruptive to the musicians—and the audience.”

Be a model
Middle graders are quick studies when it comes to life. What they see is what they learn. If you treat your child respectfully, she is apt to follow your lead. And if you embarrass her in front of her friends or invade her privacy for no reason, she will get the idea that actions like these are acceptable.

Set limits
Make it clear that disrespectful language is never allowed. If your tween loses her cool and behaves rudely, suggest that she take a break. Tell her you’ll listen when she calms down. Letting her know that you won’t tolerate disrespect provides the guidance she needs to change her behavior.

Spring science
Warm weather brings opportunities to explore science outdoors. Share these activities with your tween.

Design detective. Georges de Mestral invented Velcro after noticing burrs stuck to his dog! Suggest that your child observe objects in nature, pick one, and invent something inspired by its structure. Maybe he’ll watch a turtle emerge from its shell, then design a retractable phone case.

Energy consultant. Have your middle grader look closely at renewable energy sources like solar panels on buildings or wind turbines spinning in the March breeze. Based on his observations, perhaps he’ll try making a model turbine that will spin in the wind.
Standardized test success

Your child may be gearing up to take standardized tests soon. Here are ways to support him so he can do his best.

**Plan ahead.** Have your tween post the school testing schedule on the refrigerator and highlight dates for the ones he’s taking. Then, try to be sure he gets 9–11 hours of sleep and eats a healthy breakfast on test day (and every day).

**Ease nerves.** Talk calmly and positively about the tests to reassure your middle grader. Explain that effort is what matters most. Also, he’ll feel well prepared if he’s in class each day leading up to the tests, since teachers often review material or give practice tests.

**Follow up.** After each test, ask your tween how it went. Which parts did he find easier, and which were more difficult? Reflecting on a test can help him do better on the next one. *Note:* When you receive the test results, go over them together.

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**Parent to Parent**

Our family loves games like Scrabble and Boggle. They’re fun, and they help my daughter, Sierra—and all of us—build vocabulary. Recently, we’ve started adding variety by inventing our own word games.

In one game, we take turns choosing a word from Sierra’s textbooks or vocabulary lists and writing three statements about it—two true and one false. The others try to spot the false fact. I figured out Sierra’s incorrect fact for the math word acute (“A boomerang has an acute angle”), so it was my turn to pick a word.

We also made up a vocabulary version of 20 Questions. One player thinks of a word. Then we ask yes-or-no questions like “Is it a living thing?” and “Does it have fun?” The first person to figure out the word selects the next one. I wonder what new game we’ll come up with next!

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**Wordplay**

**A perfect image online**

**Q** My eighth grader is new to social media. When she sees classmates’ posts, she thinks they have perfect lives. Help!

**A** Suggest that your daughter compare scrolling through social media posts to watching a movie trailer. The trailer doesn’t tell the whole story—it just shows scenes that will attract viewers’ interest. On social media, children (and adults!) tend to share happy moments, not ones that are boring or embarrassing.

If your daughter feels jealous of a classmate’s vacation pictures, for instance, have her think back to a trip she took, perhaps when you went camping last summer. Ask which moments from the trip she would and would not want made public.

Also, set limits on your child’s social media use. Maybe she can check her accounts once after she finishes homework and then log off for the evening. Kids need time away from social media to experience real life—not the lives their friends are “creating” online.

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**“Sunny” mornings**

Daylight saving time begins March 10. Even if it’s still dark when your tween wakes up, you can make mornings bright and cheerful in your home—and send him off to school ready to learn. Try these tips.

1. **Turn on the lights.** Light sends signals to the brain that it’s time to wake up.

2. **Play music.** Ask your middle grader to make a playlist called “Good morning!” He can include everyone’s favorite upbeat songs.

3. **Laugh.** When you hear or see a funny joke, save it for morning. You could tell it at the breakfast table.

4. **Exercise.** Have sneakers and headlamps or reflective gear ready to go the night before, and head out for a quick run or to walk the dog together.

5. **Enjoy trivia.** Get everyone’s brain in gear with a question of the day. Keep a deck of trivia cards on the table, or ask your smart speaker for today’s Jeopardy question.

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**OUR PURPOSE**

To provide busy parents with practical ideas that promote school success, parent involvement, and more effective parenting.

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